Title: Conversations

Subtitle: 666 AD Pope made more of a mess of things

Second Subtitle: Re: 666 AD Pope made more of a mess of things

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Quote:

Except that he was a native of Segni in the Campagna and that his father nothing is known of this saintly pope's early life. Enthroned on July 30, olive branches to the estranged East. He sent letters to the Emperor Compatriarch of Constantinople. The Emperor replied graciously and sent the with a gold cover adorned with jewels. At this time Constans seems to hapersecution. The patriarch also replied in a friendly manner. In answer the return to Catholic unity and orthodoxy, Peter replied that he believed like was inserted in the Constantinople diptychs. Vitalian has been accused towards heresy, but the charge is, to say the least, not proven. Actually the Constantinople diptychs later by a more actively Monothelite patriarch.

In 662 Emperor Constans decided to go west and establish himself in Ital Constantinople, he sought new prestige in the West. When he approached sixth milestone by Pope Vitalian and the clergy. His stay in the Holy City peacefully he visited Rome's famous shrines. His parting gesture, however to remember his visit with pleasure. Constans seized all the bronze he ceven the bronze tiles from the famous Pantheon, now St. Mary of the Marthe Lombards, Constans withdrew to Sicily. Here in the midst of a reign of knifed in his bath. With the accession of his son Constantine IV, better the sign of the sign o

Pope Vitalian had trouble with Ravenna and Crete. The archbishop of Radindependence from Rome, and had successfully appealed to Emperor Conlasted until the pontificate of Leo II. From Crete came an appeal from John had been deposed by a synod under the direction of the metropolitated a synod at Rome, decided that John had been unjustly condemned, a metropolitan to reinstate him in his see.

Vitalian had the satisfaction of learning that in the great synod of Whitby the Roman date of Easter. To England he sent one of Canterbury's greater and pious monk, Theodore of Tarsus.

Vitalian was considered a firm ruler of the Church, one who preserved di 27, 672. Venerated as a saint, his feast is kept on that date.